

# SAFETY DATA SHEET



C-4s Refrigeration Oil

## Section 1. Identification

Product identifier	C-4s Refrigeration Oil
Product code	4304-01, 4304-05, 4304-07
Emergency phone number	Not available.
Physical state	Liquid.

## Section 2. Uses and uses advised against

Product use	Lubricating agent
Uses advised against	None known.

Supplier information  
Nu-Calgon Wholesaler, Inc.  
2611 Schuetz Road  
St. Louis, MO 63043  
USA  
314-469-7000 / 800-554-5499

Emergency telephone number  
24 hr. CHEMTREC 1-800-424-9300 / International 1-703-527-3887

## Section 2. Hazards identification

While this material is not considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200), this SDS contains valuable information critical to the safe handling and proper use of the product. This SDS should be retained and available for employees and other users of this product.

Not classified.

Signal word  
No signal word.  
No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Hazard statements  
Not applicable.  
Not applicable.  
Not applicable.  
Not applicable.  
None known.

## Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance  
Not available.

## Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Chemical name	%	CAS number
Distillates (petroleum), clay-treated heavy naphthenic	100	64742-44-5

The classification as a carcinogen need not apply if it can be shown that the substance contains less than 3 % DMSO extract as measured by IP 346

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

**There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified and hence require reporting in this section.**

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

## Section 4. First aid measures

### First aid measures

- Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Get medical attention if irritation occurs.
- Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.
- Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.
- Wash out mouth with water. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

### Symptoms/ effects, acute and delayed

- No known significant effects or critical hazards.

- No specific data.
- No specific data.
- No specific data.
- No specific data.

### First-aid measures, including medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

- Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
- No specific treatment.
- No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

## Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

- Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

- Do not use water jet.

## Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst.

Decomposition products may include the following materials:  
carbon dioxide  
carbon monoxide

Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

## Section 6. Accidental release measures

No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

## Section 7. Handling and storage

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8).

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

### Control measures

#### Controlled exposure limits

Control measure	Exposure limits
Distillates (petroleum), clay-treated heavy naphthenic	<b>ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2022).</b> [Mineral Oil, pure, highly and severely refined] TWA: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Inhalable fraction <b>OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).</b> [Oil mist, mineral] TWA: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. <b>NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020).</b> [OIL MIST MINERAL] TWA: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 10 hours. Form: Mist STEL: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. Form: Mist

No exposure indices known.

Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants.

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields.

Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

## Section 10. Stability and reactivity

No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

- The product is stable.
- Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
- No specific data.
- No specific data.
- Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

## Section 11. Toxicological information

### Toxicological effects

Tested substance	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Distillates (petroleum), clay-treated heavy naphthenic	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>5.53 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-

### Other toxic effects

Not available.

### Genetic effects

Not available.

### Teratogenic effects

Not available.

### Other specific effects

Not available.

### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Not available.

### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

	Result
Distillates (petroleum), clay-treated heavy naphthenic	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Routes of entry anticipated: Oral, Dermal, Inhalation, Eyes.

### Other effects related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

No specific data.

No specific data.

No specific data.

No specific data.

### Delayed or immediate effects, and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Not available.

## Section 11. Toxicological information

### Section 11.1. Acute toxicity

Not available.

### Section 11.2. Chronic effects

Not available.

- No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Section 11.3. Carcinogenicity

### Section 11.4. Mutagenicity

Test substance	Oral (mg/kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dust and mists) (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )
C-4s Refrigeration Oil Distillates (petroleum), clay-treated heavy naphthenic	N/A N/A	2500.0 2500	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A

## Section 12. Ecological information

Test substance	Result	Species	Exposure
Distillates (petroleum), clay-treated heavy naphthenic	Acute EC50 >100 mg/l	Algae	72 hours
	Acute EC50 >100 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
	Acute LC50 >100 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
	Chronic NOEL >1 mg/l	Daphnia	21 days

### Section 12.1. Aquatic toxicity

Test substance	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
Distillates (petroleum), clay-treated heavy naphthenic	-	-	Inherent

### Section 12.2. Persistence

Test substance	$\log P_{ow}$	BCF	Potential
Distillates (petroleum), clay-treated heavy naphthenic	2 to 6	-	High

Not available.

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## Section 13. Disposal considerations

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

## Section 14. Transport information

	CDR Classification	TDG Classification	IMDG	IATA
2	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.

**Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Not available.

## Section 15. Regulatory information

**TSCA 8(a) CDR Exempt/Partial exemption:** All components are listed or exempted.

**Clean Water Act (CWA) 307:** benzo[k]fluoranthene

Not listed

Not listed

Not listed

Not listed

Not listed

Not listed

No products were found.

Not applicable.

Not applicable.

	%	Classification
Distillates (petroleum), clay-treated heavy naphthenic	100	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

## Section 15. Regulatory information

- None of the components are listed.
- None of the components are listed.
- None of the components are listed.

**⚠ WARNING:** This product can expose you to Benzo[k]fluoranthene, which is known to the State of California to cause cancer. For more information go to [www.P65Warnings.ca.gov](http://www.P65Warnings.ca.gov).

Information provided is based on industrial use and may not be relevant to consumer applications.

Substance	Concentration (%)	No significant risk level	Maximum acceptable dosage level
Benzo[k]fluoranthene	0.00064	-	-

- All components are listed or exempted.
- All components are listed or exempted.
- All components are listed or exempted.
- Russian Federation inventory:** All components are listed or exempted.
- Not determined.
- All components are active or exempted.
- All components are listed or exempted.

## Section 16. Other information



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Copyright ©2001, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This warning system is intended to be interpreted and applied only by properly trained individuals to identify fire, health and reactivity hazards of chemicals. The user is referred to certain limited number of chemicals with recommended classifications in NFPA 49 and NFPA 325, which would be used as a guideline only. Whether the chemicals are classified by NFPA or not, anyone using the 704 systems to classify chemicals does so at their own risk.

### Classification for the classification

Classification	Justification
Not classified.	

## Section 16. Other information

ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

BCF = Bioconcentration Factor

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

IATA = International Air Transport Association

IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient

MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973  
as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)

N/A = Not available

SGG = Segregation Group

UN = United Nations

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

**To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.**

**Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.**